WORLD ANTIBIOTIC AWARENESS WEEK 2024

18th - 24th November



Key Reminders for Primary Care from 2024 West Yorkshire ICB

Using Alternatives to Antibiotics

Methenamine for UTI Prophylaxis

- Methenamine Hippurate has been shown to be as effective as antibiotic prophylaxis in preventing recurrent urinary tract infections
- Consider methenamine hippurate before antibiotics for an adult woman
- The <u>West Yorkshire Methenamine Prescribing Guidance</u> highlights key prescribing considerations

UTI Prevention with Vaginal oestrogens

For postmenopausal women experiencing recurrent UTIs, vaginal oestrogen therapy is a safe and effective option to restore healthy vaginal flora and improve tissue resilience. By addressing oestrogen deficiency, it can:

- potentially help reduce the incidence of recurrent UTI recurrence
- enhance patients' quality of life.

Consider prescribing vaginal oestrogens as a preventive measure to help break the cycle of recurrent infections.

Otigo® Ear Drops for Otitis Media

Consider Otigo® ear drops (phenazone + lidocaine) for children and young people under 18 ensure prescribing is aligned to MICE guidance for otitis media

- **Do not** offer both Otigo® ear drops and an antibiotic
- Offer regular doses of paracetamol or ibuprofen
- Back-up antibiotic prescription can be considered

Think 5 Days for Many Common Infections Seen in Primary Care

Using the shortest effective recommended course may reduce antimicrobial resistance, C. difficile risk, side effects, non-adherence and financial and environmental costs associated with longer prescriptions and antimicrobial resistance.

NICE recommends 5-day courses in the following 5 guidelines:

- Acute sinusitis (Guideline Link)
- Acute exacerbation of COPD (Guideline Link)
- Acute cough (with risk of complications or systemically unwell) (Guideline Link)
- Community acquired pneumonia (Guideline Link) (See guideline for information on when longer courses may be required)
- Sore throat (according to FeverPAIN/CENTOR score) for symptomatic cure* (Guideline Link) - see guideline for information on phenoxymethylpenicillin course lengths beyond 5 days for microbiological cure*